## The Cosine Law

Recall: The cosine law is used for non-right angle triangles.
Formula: $a^{2}=b^{2}+c^{2}-2 b c \cos A$
2 Classic Cases: a) all 3 sides given
b) 2 sides and a contained angle (pacman)

Example 1 Determine the unknown value for each of the following.
a) In $\triangle P Q R, p=8 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{q}=7 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{r}=10 \mathrm{~cm}$, determine $\Varangle Q$.
b) $\ln \triangle G H J, g=5.1 \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{j}=8 \mathrm{~m}$ and $\Varangle H=60^{\circ}$, determine h .

Example 2 Two sides of a parallelogram measure 8 cm and 10 cm . The longer diagonal measures 15.5 cm .
a) Determine the angles of the parallelogram.
b) Determine the length of the shorter diagonal.

